SENATE DISTRICT

2024* Water Quality Report

177,000 Constituents | 1% Rely on Private Wells for Drinking Water



There are 46 presumed PFAS sources, and 100% of state-tested wells had at least one of the chemicals in 2023.

Nitrate Exceedances

From 2022 to 2024, no wells sampled exceeded the Preventive Action Limit for nitrate in drinking water.

Drinking Water Quality Violations

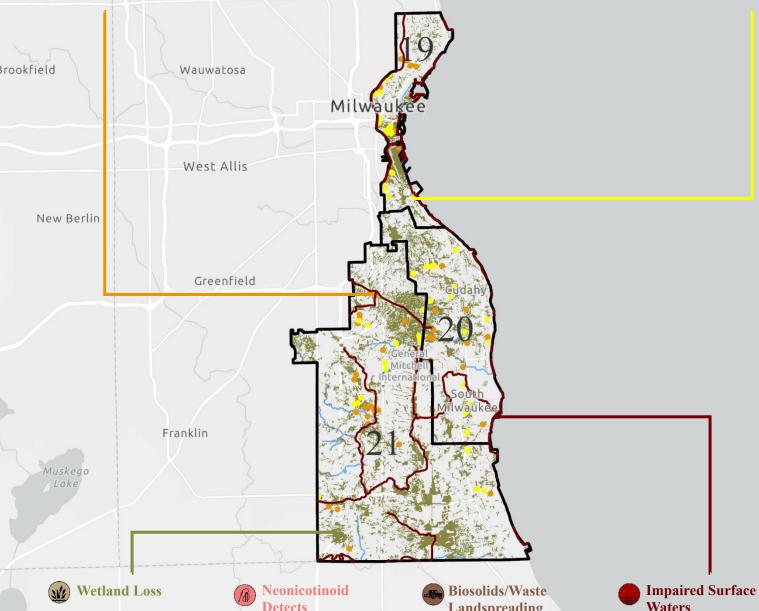
WNoofiiblic water systems reported contaminant violations between 2022 and 2024.

Outstanding/ **Exceptional Surface** Waters

No rivers, streams, nor lakes are classified as quality surface water.



Fifty-three groundwater sites are listed as contaminated.



More than 10,100 acres of wetlands are categorized as lost but potentially restorable.

Between 2019 and 2023, no wells were tested by the state for neonicotinoids.

Landspreading Sites

No septage, municipal, nor industrial wastes are applied to land in the district.

Over 14% of total lake acres and 70% of river and stream miles are Wind Pointlisted as impaired.

For policy questions, contact Water and Agriculture Program Director Sara Walling at swalling@cleanwisconsin.org. For data questions, contact Clean Water Manager Hannah Richerson at hricherson@cleanwisconsin.org.

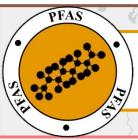






- No wells sampled exceeded the Preventative Action Limit from 2022-2024.
- Elevated levels of nitrate are generally due to agricultural runoff and industrial discharges.
- Nitrate has been linked to blue baby syndrome, colon cancer, thyroid disease, and neural tube defects.
- There are no current biosolids/waste landspreading permit holders.²
- Liquid and solid waste is commonly generated from paper mills, septage operations, and food processing plants.
- Landspreading waste can transport contaminants by contaminating groundwater and food and feed crops in the area.

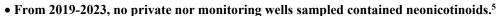




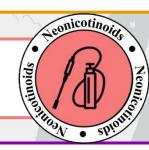
• Four municipal wells (no private wells were tested) tested by the state had detectable levels of PFAS in 2023.3

- The 46 presumed sources include facilities that manufacture, manage, and/or discharge PFAS materials.⁴
- PFAS consumption can cause developmental effects in children, decreased fertility, and some cancers.

Merrill



- Neonicotinoid insecticides are applied to agricultural crops, lawns and gardens, golf courses, and more.
- Negative impacts to non-target insect species cause food chain issues in fish, birds, and potentially other taxa.





- No federal drinking water violations occurred in public* water systems from 2022-2024.
- Common contaminants such as bacteria and metals often enter drinking water from agricultural and natural sources.
- Sustained ingestion at high levels can cause gastrointestinal ailments and developmental issues, respectively.

Appleton

Petenwell

• Fifty-three groundwater sites are contaminated with PFAS, PAHs, PCBs, metals, solvents, gasoline, and/or VOCs.

- These chemical mixtures enter water through industrial/military discharges, storage tank leaks, and landfill leachate.
- If ingested through drinking water, the pollutants pose serious cancer and organ damage health risks.



coundwate,

Fond du Lac



- Of the thousands of wetland acres lost, 27% of the total land acreage has the potential for restoration.³
- Degradation and loss of Wisconsin wetlands is primarily due to invasives, development, and conversion to cropland.
- Wetlands absorb pollutants before they enter water, including drinking water; without them, we lose natural filters.
- More than 10 acres and 45 miles of surface waters are listed as impaired under the Clean Water Act.³
- The mercury, phosphorus, lead, and/or PCBs throughout are often from agricultural and industrial discharges.
- Ingestion of these pollutants can lead to organ damage, cardiovascular and reproductive issues, cancer, and more.





- No surface waters are classified as Outstanding or Exceptional Resource Waters by the state.³
- These waterbodies support fisheries and wildlife and have high water quality from effective management and protection.
- As some drinking water is sourced from surface water, these are essential public health resources, too.

Freeport

Crystal Lake

